**Notes:**

* Readonly will create a protected variable so that it cannot be changed after definition
* var=31  
  readonly var  
  var=50  
  echo “var => $var”
* The variable will not be reassigned and a warning will be shown in the terminal.
* The readonly can be used for functions too  
  hello() {  
   echo “Hello World”  
  }  
  readonly -f hello #need to use flag -f to make a function readonly  
  hello  
    
  hello() {  
   echo “Hello World Again”  
  }  
    
  hello
* If you use readonly on its own, it will print out all the built-in readonly variables used by shell. (-f for functions)